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KUMBANG MOUNTAIN IN THE CULTURE OF THE JALAWASTU INDIGENOUS COMMUNITY IN BREBES DISTRICT, CENTRAL JAVA

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INTRODUCTION

- Jalawastu Indigenous Community (Jalawastu Community) is located in Ciseureuh Village, Ketanggungan District, Brebes Regency, Central Java Province.
- > Distance: about 50 km from Brebes City, Central Java to the south
- Language: Sundanese
- Religion: Islam with pre-Islamic beliefs (syncretism)
- The Jalawastu community is located at the foot of Mount Kumbang (1211m above sea level), the highest mountain in Brebes district. The community treats this mountain as a sacred place.
- How does the Jalawastu indigenous community view Mount Kumbang in its culture?

LITERATURE REVIEW

There have been several writings about the Jalawastu Indigenous Community, including: Khumaeroh, et all (2022), Sunjana (2019), Wijanarto (2018), and Tahroni (2016). This paper discusses Jalawastu community and Gunung Kumbang using Lefebvre's theory (1991) "The Production of Space"

METHOD



Qualitative Method

Data collection: in-depth interview, observation, documentation



FINDING AND DISCUSSION



Regional Division of Gunung Kumbang

- 1. Dayeuh Lemah Kaputihan area
 - > The most sacred part of the area
 - The myth of dayeuh lemah kaputihan, as the dwelling place of God (*Batara Windu Buana*), the Gods (*Hyang*), and the saints. This myth is also related to the ancestral story of the Jalawastu community (*Guriang Panutus*).
 - Myth of Ki Kolot and Nyai Kolot. The story is related to dirty/unkind deeds that will bring disaster.
 - Must not say and do dirty things
 - > Must not enter with clothes/equipment from animal skins
 - Must not damage/take elements of the ecosystem resources

FINDING AND DISCUSSION



2. *Gedong Pasarean* Area

- > Located at the entrance/court to the *dayeuh lemah* kaputihan
- The burial place of traditional leaders and kuncen
- The place where the Ngasa Ritual (mountain alms) is held. This ritual also shows the acculturation between old and new beliefs (Islam).
- Not to damage/take natural resources (cutting down trees, hunting animals, damaging springs)
- Must not damage/take elements of the ecosystem resources

FINDING AND DISCUSSION

- 3. Padumukan (Residential area)
 - > Pamali (forbidden) house construction
 - Walled
 - Cement/ceramic floor
 - Tile roof
 - > Pamali in agriculture: planting onions, peanuts, soybeans, beans
 - > Pamali in animal husbandry: raising geese, ducks, goats, and buffaloes
 - > Pamali in arts: performing puppets, hitting gongs



CONCLUSION

- For the Jalawastu Community, Kumbang Mountain where they live is an area that is considered sacred.
- The sacredness of Kumbang Mountain is divided into three areas in order: Dayeuh lemah kaputihan (most sacred), Gedong Pasarean, and Padumukan (residence). The three sacred spaces have certain taboos for those who are in them.
- The meaning of the sacred space on Gunung Kumbang can be seen as a form of respect and expression of gratitude from the community to God and their ancestors as well as an effort to maintain their cultural identity and preserve their natural environment.

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Interview:

Daryono, 67 years old, Kuncen Dayeuh Lemah Kaputihan (Gunung Kumbang)

Dastam, 60 years old, Customary Holder of Jalawastu Community





THANK YOU!